					-		(Edingddgo.Eiv)
	amaere.		ARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT				
	system	C	code: 630197001 / 12436				
Manalan							
Version			n: 04/03/2024		Previous revision:		Date of printing: 04/03/2024
1			E SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND C	)F IHE	COMPANY/UNDERTAKIN	G	
1.1	PRODUCT IDENT		PAINT				
	Code : 630197001 /*		UFI: DEQP-T4YU-TD8X-YE44				
1.2	RELEVANT IDEN	TIFIED	USES OF THE SUBSTANCE (	OR MIX	TURE AND USES AD	/ISED AGAINST:	
	Intended uses (ma	ain tech	nical functions): [X] Indus	trial [X]	Professional [] Consu	imers	
	Varnish.						
	Sectors of use: Professional uses (	SI 100)					
	Types of PCN use	,					
	Paints/coatings - Pr	otective	and functional.				
	Uses advised aga						
	This product is not r "Intended or identif		ended for any use or sector of use	(industri	al, professional or consur	ner) other than those	previously listed as
	Restrictions on ma	anufacti	ure, placing on market and use,	accord	ling to Annex XVII of Re	egulation (EC) No. 1	907/2006:
	Not restricted.						
1.3	DETAILS OF THE A.M.P.E.R.E. SYSTEM	SUPP	LIER OF THE SAFETY DATA S	SHEET:			
	3 rue Antoine Balard - Z.I.						
	95310 Saint-Ouen-l'Aumô Tel: + 33 1 34 64 72 72 / F						
			erson responsible for the Safety	Data S	Sheet:		
	fds@amperesystem						
1.4	EMERGENCY TE	LEPHC	<u>INE NUMBER.</u>				
	Nati	onal Poi	sons Information Service (NPIS) -	In Engla	and, Wales or Scotland: di	al 111 - In N Ireland: (	contact your local GP or
	NP/S pha	rmacist o	during normal hours.				
SECTION	N 2 : HAZARDS IDEN	<b>ITIFICA</b>	TION				
2.1			E SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE	:			
	Classification of mix	ctures is	carried out in accordance with the	followin	g principles: a) when dat	a (tests) for the class	ification of mixtures are
	available, generally	is carrie	ed out based on these data, b) in	the abso	ence of data (tests) for m	ixtures are generally	used interpolation or
			ssessing the risk, using the availal ow to apply interpolation or extrapt				
			onents in the mixture.		criniques, methous are u	Sed to classify fisk as	sessifient based on the
			ive has been carried out having in			pH.	
			nce with Regulation (EU) No. 12				0.1.10.7014
			Eye Irrit. 2:H319 Lact.:H362 STOT 00 Aguatic Chronic 2:H411 EUH0		) 3:H335 STOT SE (narco	SIS) 3:H336 STOT RE	2:H3/3 Asp. Tox.
	Danger class		Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
	Physicochemical:		Flam. Liq. 3:H226 c)	Cat.3	-	-	-
	Human health:	. Y	Eye Irrit. 2:H319 c)	Cat.2	Eyes	Eyes	Irritation
		$\sim$	Lact.:H362 c)	-	-	-	-
			STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 c)	Cat.3	Inhalation	Respiratory tract	Irritation
			STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 c) STOT RE 2:H373 c)	Cat.3 Cat.2	Inhalation -	CNS Systemic	Narcosis Damage
			Asp. Tox. 1:H304 c)	Cat.1	Ingestion+Aspiration	Lungs	Dead
			EUH066 c)	-	Skin	Skin	Dryness, Cracking
	Environment:		Aquatic Acute 1:H400 c)	Cat.1	-	-	-
			Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 c)	Cat.2	-	-	-
	Full text of hazard s	tatemer	its mentioned is indicated in sectio	n 16.			
					d e e vive e e e e te l le e e e e ele		f the high est
			ange of percentages is used, the ho ponent, but below the maximum v		u environmental nazaros	describe the effects o	i the highest
2.2	LABEL ELEMENT						
					the signal word DANGEF	R in accordance with F	Regulation (EU) No.
		$\times$	1272/2008~2022/6	92 (CLP	).		
	- Hazard statemer		•				
	H226		ammable liquid and vapour.				
	H362 H373		ay cause harm to breast-fed childre ay cause damage to organs throug		and or repeated expective	2	
	H304		ay be fatal if swallowed and enters				
	H319	Ca	uses serious eye irritation.				
	H335		ay cause respiratory irritation.				
	H336	Ma	ay cause drowsiness or dizziness.				

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H410

- <b></b>	<b>F.E.</b> "	VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT Code: 630197001 / 12436		
sion: 3	Rev	rision: 04/03/2024	Previous revision: 25/07/20	23 Date of printing: 04/03/20
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryne	ss or cracking.	
- Precautio P210	onary state		anon flower and other ignition on	waaa Na amaking
P337+P313	2	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice		irces. No smoking.
P280	,	Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye pr		tilation wear respiratory protection
P301+P310 P331	)-P330+	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POIS		
P304+P340	)-P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air an you feel unwell.	nd keep comfortable for breathing. (	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P305+P351	I+P338-	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for		enses, if present and easy to do.
P310 P273-P391	D501	Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POIS Avoid release to the environment. Collect s		or in accordance with local
F275-F391	-F 301	regulations.	billage. Dispose of contents/contail	ier in accordance with local
- Supplem	entary stat	5		
- Substand	es that co	ntribute to classification:		
Hydrocarbo	ns C9 arom	natics		
	ns, C9-C12	, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-2	5%)	
Butan-1-ol	naraffina (	14-C17		
Chlorinated OTHER H		/14-01/		
		rocult in alassification but which may contribu	to to the overall becards of the mint	
		result in classification but which may contribu ical hazards:	te to the overall hazards of the mixt	ule.
		h air a mixture potentially flammable or explo		
	-	an health effects:	sive.	
		erse effects are known.		
		ironmental effects:		
	-	tances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.		
		properties:		
		contain substances with endocrine disrupting	properties identified or under evalu	ation
		ORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
SUBSTAN				
Not applica	ble (mixture	e).		
Not applica	ble (mixture <u>S:</u>	, 		
Not applica MIXTURES This produc	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> ct is a mixtu	re.		
Not applica MIXTURES This produc Chemical of	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> ct is a mixtu description	re.		
Not applica MIXTURES This produce <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> ct is a mixtu description Acrylic poly	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA)		
Not applica MIXTURES This product <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of <u>HAZARDC</u>	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> ct is a mixtu <u>description</u> Acrylic poly DUS INGRI	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA) <u>EDIENTS:</u>	mit	
Not applica MIXTURES This produce <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of <u>HAZARDO</u> Substances	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> ct is a mixtu <u>description</u> Acrylic poly <u>DUS INGRI</u> s taking par	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA) <u>EDIENTS:</u> t in a percentage higher than the exemption li	mit:	Autoclassified
Not applica MIXTURES This produce <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of <u>HAZARDC</u>	ble (mixture S: ct is a mixtu description Acrylic poly OUS INGRI s taking part 0 %	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA) <u>EDIENTS:</u> t in a percentage higher than the exemption li Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics		Autoclassified REACH
Not applica MIXTURES This produce <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of <u>HAZARDO</u> Substances	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> t is a mixtu <u>description</u> Acrylic poly <u>DUS INGRI</u> s taking part 0 %	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA) <u>EDIENTS:</u> t in a percentage higher than the exemption li Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6, EC: 918-668-5, REACH: 0 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226   STOT SE	)1-2119455851-35 (irrit.) 3:H335   STOT SE	
Not applica MIXTURES This produce <u>Chemical of</u> Solution of <u>HAZARDO</u> Substances	ble (mixture <u>S:</u> t is a mixtu <u>description</u> Acrylic poly <u>DUS INGRI</u> s taking part 0 %	re. <u>:</u> mer (BMA/MMA) <u>EDIENTS:</u> t in a percentage higher than the exemption li Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6, EC: 918-668-5, REACH: 0	)1-2119455851-35 (irrit.) 3:H335   STOT SE	
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#a.m.p	<b>D.E.F.E.</b> , system	VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT Code : 630197001 / 12436				
Version: 3	Revisi	on: 04/03/2024	Pre	vious revision: 25/0	)7/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/2024
PERS SUBS Does n POP s	ISTENT, BIOACC TANCES: not contain substand	C17. PBT (Article 57d), vPvB (Articl UMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, O ces that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. ed in the (EU) REGULATION 201	R VERY PERSIST	ENT AND VER	Y BIOACCUMU	
None.	ST AID MEASURES	N				
		ST AID MEASURES:				
÷	Symptoms may or seek medical atter and use the recom	ccur after exposure, so that in case of tion.Never give anything by mouth mended protective equipment if the erous to the person giving artificial is Symptoms and effects, acute ar	to an unconscious p re is a possibility of e respiration by mouth	erson.Lifeguard xposure.Wear p n-to-mouth (the k	s should pay atte rotective gloves w	ntion to self-protection
	•		-			
Inhalati		Inhalation of solvent vapours m headache, dizziness, fatigue, mu drowsiness and, in extreme cas unconsciousness.Inhalation pro mucus, coughing and breathles	uscular weakness, ses, oduces irritation to	fresh air.If brea artificial respira appropriate rec	thing is irregular of the tion. If the person is the tion of the person is the person is the time of time of the time of time	ntaminated area into th or stops, administer is unconscious, place i ep the patient warm an ives.
Skin:		Prolonged contact may cause sl	·	thoroughly the a lukewarm water cleanser.Do no	affected area with r and neutral soap t use solvents or	
Eyes:		Contact with the eyes produces		irrigation with pl minutes, holdin reduced.Call a	g the eyelids apa physician immed	sh water for at least 15 rt, until the irritation is iately.
Ingestic	<	If swallowed, may cause irritation abdominal pain, drowsiness, nau diarrhoea.	usea, vomiting and	induce vomiting patient at rest.		dical attention. Do not of aspiration.Keep the
		MPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTI		LAYED:		
		effects are indicated in sections 4.1 a				
The pro pharma <u>Antido</u> Specifi	acologically.In the o tes and contraind	y vomiting could cause lung damage case of ingestion, empty the stomac <u>cations:</u> m.In the case of a pneumonia by che	h with caution.			

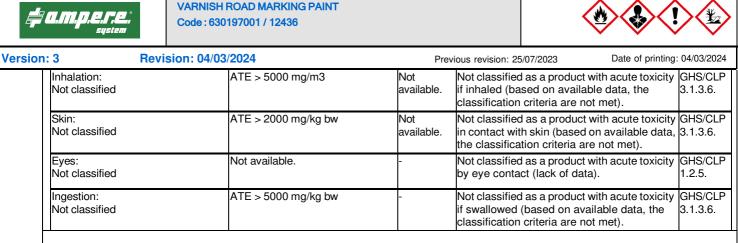
	a, <b>m.p.e.r.e.</b> , <sub>system</sub>	VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT Code : 630197001 /12436		
Versior	n: 3 Revi	sion: 04/03/2024	Previous revision: 25	i/07/2023 Date of printing: 04/03/2024
SECTION	5: FIREFIGHTING MEA	SURES		
5.1	EXTINGUISHING ME	DIA:		
	Extinguishing powder or			
5.2		ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANC		
		bustion or thermal decomposition, has ls, hydrochloric acid.Exposure to com		
5.3	ADVICE FOR FIREFIC			
	Special protective equ			
	protective glasses or fac sheltered position or fro Other recommendation	ce masks and boots.If the fire-proof pr m a safe distance.The standard EN4 <u>ns:</u>	rotective equipment is not available o 69 provides a basic level of protecti	
		s, cisterns or containers close to sour drains, sewers or water courses.	rces of heat or fire.Bear in mind the c	direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-
SECTION	I 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEA	•		
6.1		JTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPME	NT AND EMERGENCY PROCE	DURES:
				bid direct contact with this product. Avoid
		people without protection in opposit	tion to the wind direction.	
6.2	ENVIRONMENTAL PR			
	lakes, rivers or sewages	brains, surface or subterranean water s, inform the appropriate authorities i	n accordance with local regulations.	bills or when the product contaminates
6.3	-	ERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND		
	Contain and mop up spil	Ils with non-combustible absorbent ma	aterials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diat	omaceous earth, etc). Clean preferably
	-	etergent. Keep the remains in a close	ed container.	
6.4	REFERENCE TO OTH			
		in case of emergency, see section 1. handling, see section 7.		
		nd personal protection measures, see	e section 8.	
	For waste disposal, follo	ow the recommendations in section 1	3.	
SECTION	7: HANDLING AND STO	DRAGE		
7.1	PRECAUTIONS FOR	SAFE HANDLING:		
		g legislation on health and safety at we	ork.	
	- General recommendation			
		ge or escape.Keep the container tight or the prevention of fire and explos		
	Vapours are heavier tha distant ignition sources lights and other sources	n air, may spread along floors to a con and flame up or explode.Due to its fla	nsiderable distance, can form explos ammability, this material should only	sive mixtures with air and are able to reach be used in areas from which all naked urces.Switch mobile phones off and do not
	Flashpoint		44* ºC (Abel-Pensky)	CLP 2.6.4.3.
	Autoignition temperature	:	Not applicable.	
	Ventilation requirement:	or the provention of toxicological ri	Not available.	
		or the prevention of toxicological risk ke while handling. After handling, was		posure controls and personal protection
	measures, see section 8	8.		
		or the prevention of environmental		
	Avoid any spillage in the indicated in section 6.	environment.Pay special attention to	the cleaning water. In the case of ac	ccidental spillage, follow the instructions
7.2		AFE STORAGE, INCLUDING AN	Y INCOMPATIBILITIES:	
	Forbid the entry to unau sources. Do not smoke i	Ithorized persons. Keep out of reach in storage area. If possible, avoid dire	of children. This product should be s ct contact with sunlight. Avoid extren	stored isolated from heat and electrical ne humidity conditions. In order to avoid For more information, see section 10.
1	According to current legi	islation.		
	- Maximum storage pe	<u>eriod:</u>		
	24 Months.			
	- Temperature interval			
	min:5 °C, max:40 °C (re	,		
	<ul> <li>Incompatible materia</li> <li>Keep away from oxidixin</li> </ul>	a <u>ls:</u> ng agents, from strongly alkaline and s	strongly acid materials	
	- Type of packaging:	ig agonto, nom strongty attainte ditus	and materials.	
	According to current legi	islation.		
		so III): Directive 2012/18/EU:		
	- Named dangerous sub	stances/mixtures:None		
	- Hazard categories and	l lower-/upperthreshold quantities in to	onnes (t):	
	· Physical hazards:Flam	mable liquid and vapour. (P5c) (5000t	t/50000t).	

n accorda	nce with Regulation (EC)	No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (	EU) No. 2020/87	78				(Language:EN)
	a.m.p.e.r.e., <sub>system</sub>	VARNISH ROAD MARKING Code : 630197001 / 12436	PAINT			<	٨	
Version	:3 Revi	sion: 04/03/2024		Pre	evious revision: 25	5/07/2023	Date of pr	rinting: 04/03/2024
	<ul> <li>Other hazards:Not app</li> <li>Threshold quantity for</li> <li>Threshold quantity for</li> <li>Remarks:</li> <li>The qualifying quantitie</li> <li>Articles are the maximule</li> <li>establishment only in quantity present</li> </ul>	S:Very toxic to aquatic life. (E1	equirements:100 equirements:200 establishment. nt or are likely t 2 % of the releva tablishment is s	tons tons The quantiti o be present ant qualifying such that it ca	es to be consic at any one tim quantity shall b unnot act as an	lered for the ap e. Dangerous s be ignored for t	pplication of t substances p	the relevant present at an of calculating
7.3	SPECIFIC END USE	<u>S):</u> uct particular recommendatior	is apart from tha	at already ind	icated are not a	available.		
SECTION	8: EXPOSURE CONTR	OLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION	NC					
8.1	effectiveness of the ven made to EN689, EN140 exposure to chemical a determination of dange	redients with exposure limits, tilation or other control measu 042 and EN482 standard cond nd biological agents. Referen	res and/or the n cerning methods ce should be al	ecessity to us for assesing	se respiratory p g the exposure	protective equip by inhalation t	oment. Refer o chemical a	ence should be gents, and
	EH40/2005 WELs (Unite		WEL-TWA		WEL-STEL		Remarks	
	Kingdom) 2018		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3		
	Hydrocarbons C9 aroma	atics -	50	290	-	-		Recommended
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12 isoalkanes, cyclics, aror		100	-	-	-		
	Butan-1-ol	1998	20	61	-	-		
	included in REACH. DN recommended by a part	(DNEL) is a level of exposure IEL values may differ from a c icular company, a governmen	occupational exp t regulatory age	posure limit ( ncy or an org	OEL) for the sa	ame chemical.	OEL values i	may come
-		are derived by a process diffe		l.				
	- DERIVED NO-EFFECT L Systemic effects, acute an		DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	<u> </u>	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	
	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatic		- (a)	150 (c)	- (a)	25 (c)	- (a)	– (C)
		alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	570 (a)	330 (c)	s/r (a)	21 (c)	- (a)	- (C)
	Chlorinated paraffins C14-	C17	- (a)	6,7 (c)	- (a)	47,9 (c)	- (a)	– (c)
	Butan-1-ol		- (a)	310 (c)	- (a)	- (C)	- (a)	– (c)
	- DERIVED NO-EFFECT L effects, acute and chronic:	EVEL, WORKERS:- Local	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2	<u> </u>	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2	
	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatic	e e	- (a)	- (C)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	– (C)
	•	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	s/r (a)	s/r (C)	s/r (a)	s/r (C)	s/r(a)	- (c)
	Chlorinated paraffins C14-	C17	- (a)	- (C)	- (a)	- (C)	- (a)	– (c)
	Butan-1-ol		- (a)	310 (c)	- (a)	- (C)	- (a)	- (c)
	- Derived no-effect lev Not applicable (product (a) - Acute, short-term e (-) - DNEL not available s/r - DNEL not derived (	rel, general population: for professional or industrial u xposure, (c) - Chronic, long-te (without data of registration not identified hazard). FECT CONCENTRATION	rm or repeated REACH).	exposure.				
-		ECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Fresh wate	er	PNEC Marine		PNEC Intermit	ttent
	AQUATIC ORGANISMS water and intermittent r	S:- Fresh water, marine	mg/l	_	mg/l		mg/l	
	Hydrocarbons C9 aro			-7		-7		-7
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C1			-7		-7		-7
	isoalkanes, cyclics, ar			0.001		0.0000		
	Chlorinated paraffins	614-617		0.001		0.0002		-

	a.m.p.e.r.e." system	VARNISH ROAD MARKING Code : 630197001 / 12436	PAINT		
ion: 3 Revision: 04/03/2024			F	Previous revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/2024
Т	Butan-1-ol		0.082	0.0082	2.25
+	- WASTEWATER TREA	ATMENT PLANTS (STP) FRESH- AND MARINE	PNEC STP mg/l	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d
	WATER:			_	_
	Hydrocarbons C9 aro Hydrocarbons, C9-C1		-7 -7	-7 -7	-7 -7
	isoalkanes, cyclics, a		-7	-7	-7
	Chlorinated paraffins		80	13	2.6
	Butan-1-ol		2476	0.178	0.0178
Ī	TERRESTRIAL ORGA	ECT CONCENTRATION. NISMS:- Air, soil and	PNEC Air mg/m3	PNEC Soil mg/kg dw/d	PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d
	effects for predators an		-	7	_
	Hydrocarbons C9 aro Hydrocarbons, C9-C1		-7 -7	-7 -7	-7 -7
	isoalkanes, cyclics, a		-7	-7	-7
	Chlorinated paraffins		-	11.9	10
	Butan-1-ol		-	0.015	-
		ole (without data of registra	tion REACH).	1	1
	EXPOSURE CONTR		,		
	ENGINEERING MEA	SURES:			
	- Protection of respira Avoid the inhalation of v	Occup tory system:		ncentrations of particulates suitable respiratory protect	
		vapours.			
	<ul> <li>Protection of eves a</li> </ul>	nd face:			
	- Protection of eyes a It is recommended to in		vewash bottles with clean w	ater close to the working area	a.
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources wit	th clean water close to the w	vorking area.Barrier creams r	
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources wit kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more informatio PE, protection class, marking,	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> Id the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask:	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources wit kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more informatic PE, protection class, marking, PE. A-type filter mask (bro 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected deper accordance with the sy filters does not work si content less than 18% breathing apparatus.	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> d the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote oncentration of the contami the filter producers.The res contains high concentrations i high concentrations of va	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided by ith a boiling point higher that capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with ns of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask: Safety goggles:	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources witk kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more information PE, protection class, marking, PE. A-type filter mask (brow 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected dependent accordance with the selected dependent of filters does not work secontent less than 18% breathing apparatus. Safety goggles design (EN166).Clean daily a manufacturer.	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of ed to protect against liqui	vorking area. Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> id the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote incentration of the contami the filter producers. The res contains high concentration	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided by ith a boiling point higher that capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with ns of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask: Safety goggles: Face shield:	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources wit kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more information PE, protection class, marking, PE. A-type filter mask (browner) 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected dependent accordance with the sy filters does not work sis content less than 18% breathing apparatus. Safety goggles design (EN166).Clean daily a manufacturer. No.	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of ed to protect against liqui nd disinfect at regular inte	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> id the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote incentration of the contami the filter producers.The res contains high concentration i high concentrations of va d splashes, with suitable la ervals in accordance with th	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided by ith a boiling point higher tha capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with his of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent ateral protection he instructions of the
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask: Safety goggles:	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources witk kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more information PE, protection class, marking, PE. A-type filter mask (brow 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected dependent accordance with the sy filters does not work sis content less than 18% breathing apparatus. Safety goggles design (EN166).Clean daily a manufacturer. No. Gloves resistant again expected, gloves of pr min.When short contain should be used, with a material should be in a example, temperature chemicals is clearly low circumstances and post taken into account.Use surface) to avoid contain source and source and post taken into account.Use	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of ed to protect against liqui nd disinfect at regular inter st chemicals (EN374).Wh otection level 5 or higher ct with the product is expo accordance with the prete ), they do in practice the p wer than the established ssibilities, the instructions e the proper technique of act of the product with the	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> d the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote incentration of the contami the filter producers.The res contains high concentration i high concentrations of val d splashes, with suitable la ervals in accordance with the nen repeated or prolonged should be used, with a bree ected, use gloves with a pr nin.The breakthrough time nded period of use.There a period of use of a protectiv standard EN374.Due to the /specifications provided by removing gloves (without the	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided b ith a boiling point higher this capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with ns of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent ateral protection ne instructions of the contact with the product is akthrough time of >240 otection level 2 or higher of the selected glove are several factors (for e gloves resistant against e wide variety of the glove supplier should couching glove 's outer
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask: Safety goggles: Face shield: Gloves:	stall water taps, sources or ey and skin: stall water taps or sources witk kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE on prevention and safety in the marking. For more information PE, protection class, marking, PE. A-type filter mask (brow 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected dependent accordance with the sy filters does not work sis content less than 18% breathing apparatus. Safety goggles design (EN166).Clean daily a manufacturer. No. Gloves resistant again expected, gloves of pr min.When short contain should be used, with a material should be in a example, temperature chemicals is clearly low circumstances and pos- taken into account.Use	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of ed to protect against liqui nd disinfect at regular inter st chemicals (EN374).Wh otection level 5 or higher ct with the product is expo accordance with the prete ), they do in practice the p wer than the established ssibilities, the instructions e the proper technique of act of the product with the	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> d the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote incentration of the contami the filter producers.The res contains high concentration i high concentrations of val d splashes, with suitable la ervals in accordance with the nen repeated or prolonged should be used, with a bree ected, use gloves with a pr nin.The breakthrough time nded period of use.There a period of use of a protectiv standard EN374.Due to the /specifications provided by removing gloves (without the	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided b ith a boiling point higher that capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with ns of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent ateral protection ne instructions of the contact with the product is akthrough time of >240 otection level 2 or higher of the selected glove are several factors (for e gloves resistant against e wide variety of the glove supplier should l couching glove 's outer
	It is recommended to in <u>Protection of hands</u> It is recommended to in exposed areas of the s <u>OCCUPATIONAL EX</u> As a general measure of with the corresponding characteristics of the PI the manufacturers of P Mask: Safety goggles: Face shield: Gloves:	<ul> <li>stall water taps, sources or ey and skin:</li> <li>stall water taps or sources with kin.Barrier creams should no POSURE CONTROLS: RE con prevention and safety in the marking. For more information prevention class, marking, PE.</li> <li>A-type filter mask (brow 65°C (EN14387).Class Class 3: high capacity must be selected deperaccordance with the signal filters does not work sic content less than 18% breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Safety goggles design (EN166).Clean daily a manufacturer.</li> <li>No.</li> <li>Gloves resistant again expected, gloves of pr min.When short contar should be used, with a material should be in a example, temperature chemicals is clearly loo circumstances and post taken into account.Use surface) to avoid contar any sign of degradatio</li> </ul>	th clean water close to the w t be applied once exposure <u>GULATION (EU) NO. 20</u> e work place, we recommer on on personal protective e category, CEN norm, etc) wn) for gases and vapour s 1: low capacity up to 10 up to 10000 ppm.In orde ending on the type and co pecifications supplied by atisfactorily when the air of in volume.In presence of ed to protect against liqui nd disinfect at regular inter st chemicals (EN374).Wh otection level 5 or higher ct with the product is expo accordance with the prete ), they do in practice the p wer than the established ssibilities, the instructions e the proper technique of act of the product with the	vorking area.Barrier creams r has occurred. <u>16/425:</u> d the use of a basic persona quipment (storage, use, clea , you should consult the infor s of organic compounds w 00 ppm, Class 2: medium r to obtain a suitable prote incentration of the contami the filter producers.The res contains high concentration i high concentrations of val d splashes, with suitable la ervals in accordance with the nen repeated or prolonged should be used, with a bree ected, use gloves with a pr nin.The breakthrough time nded period of use.There a period of use of a protectiv standard EN374.Due to the /specifications provided by removing gloves (without the	nay help to protect the I protection equipment (PPE) ning, maintenance, type and mative brochures provided by ith a boiling point higher that capacity up to 5000 ppm, ction level, the filter class nating agents present, in spiratory equipment with ns of vapour or oxygen pour, use independent ateral protection ne instructions of the contact with the product is akthrough time of >240 otection level 2 or higher of the selected glove are several factors (for e gloves resistant against e wide variety of the glove supplier should l

	em	VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT Code : 630197001 / 12436		
ersion: 3	Revisi	on: 04/03/2024	Previous revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/20
Clothing:		Advisable.		
ENVIRONM Avoid any sp - Spills on th Prevent conta - Spills in wa Do not allow -Water M	e (the produc ENTAL EXI Ilage in the e <u>e soil:</u> amination of a <u>ater:</u> to escape in anagement	to drains, sewers or water courses.		
2000/60/EC~	2013/39/EU.		of priority substances in the field of water po	licy under Directive
- Emissions Because of v			ng and use may result. Avoid any release into	the atmosphere.
CTION 9: PHYSICAL				
		SIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL F	PROPERTIES:	
Appearance Physical state Colour: Odour: Odour thresh <u>Change of s</u> Freezing poir Boiling interv <u>- Flammabi</u> Flashpoint	e: tate t: al: ity: flammability o emperature:	or explosive limits:	Liquid Colourless Characteristic Not available (mixture). Not available (mixture). 117,7* - 200* °C at 760 mmHg 44* °C (Abel-Pensky) Not available - Not available Not applicable. Not available (technical impossibility to e	CLP 2.6.4.3.
<u>pH-value</u> pH: <u>· Viscosity:</u> Dynamic visc			data). Not applicable (non-aqueous media). Not available.	
Kinematic vis <u>Solubility(i</u> Solubility in v Liposolubility: Partition coef <u>Volatility</u> :	<u>es):</u> vater	anol/water:	Not available. Imiscível Not applicable (inorganic product). Not applicable (mixture).	
Vapour press Vapour press Evaporation o <u>Density</u> Relative dens Relative vapo	ure: ate: ity:		3,849* mmHg at 20°C 3,0158* kPa at 50°C Not available (lack of data). 0,934* at 20/4°C 4,68* at 20°C 1 atm.	Relative water Relative air
Particle cha Particle size: <u>Explosive</u> Vapours car <u>Oxidizing</u> Not classified	properties: form explos properties:		Not applicable. ame up or explode in presence of an ignition	source.
*Estimated v	alues based	on the substances composing the mixt	ture.	
2 <u>OTHER INF</u> Information Flammable lie <u>Other secur</u> Heat of comb VOC (supply	regarding p quids: Combu ty features: ustion:	hysical hazard classes	Combustible.* 9076 Kcal/kg 66,0 % Weight	
VOC (supply VOC (supply Nonvolatile:			616,4 g/l 34,00 * % Weight	1h. 60ºC

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12. ECTION 10. STABILITY AND FRACTIVITY  10.1 REACTIVITY  Correspined and the stability of the safety and the stability of the safety and safet	Version	1:3 Revi	sion: 04/03/2024	Previo	ous revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/202			
Corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment. See section 7 and 12. CENTEN 10: STABLITY AND FEASTIVITY C.Corrostivity to metals Prophoreal properties: It is not properties: It is not properties: CENTEN 10: STABLITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. CENTEN 10: STABLITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. CENTEN 10: STABLITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. CENTENTION: CENTENTIAL STABLITY: Control of the Add ABOOUS FEASTIONS: Possible diagnosis: CENTENTIAL STABLITY: CENTENTIAL CONTROL OF CONTRO	croion					· -			
CTION 10: STABLUTY AND REACTIVITY         0.1         1. BRACTIVITY:         1. Consolvity to motals:         1. Proconcel proceedings:         1. Is not prophoto:         10: CHEMICAL STABILITY:         Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.         10: CONSULTY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:         Possible dangeous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, adds.         10: CONSULTY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:         Possible avoid direct contact with autight.        Air:         The product is not afficient of the avoid		corresponding technica	I data sheet. For additional i						
Corrosive to metals:         Corrosive to metals.         Corrosive t									
II is not corresive to metals.         1. Propholical corporaties:         II is not pyrophonic         02       CHEMICAL STABILITY:         Stable under reaction with aviding agents, metals, adds.         0.3       CONDITIONS TO AVOID:         1. Heat:       Keep away from sources of heat.         1. Light:       If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.        Hardinic       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions of all direct dorts with sunlight.        Humidity:       Avoid actions benetilive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to the direct dorts all direct dorts a	0.1	REACTIVITY:							
- EVrophorical properties:     It is not properbole.     - EVROPHORE Recommended storage and handling conditions.     - EVENICAL STABULTY:     - Stable dargerous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, adds.     - OSSIBILITY OF FAZARDOLUS REACTIONS:     - Possible dargerous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, adds.     - CONDITIONS TO AVOID:     Heat:     - Lefat:     - Lefat:     The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.     Humidity.     - Avoid extreme humidity conditions.     Pressure:     - Nor determe humidity conditions.     Pressure:     Not relevant.     - Shock:     The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to     dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     Not relevant.     - Shock:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     Ide ADARDOLUS DECOMPOSITION PEROLUCITS:     Keep away from oxidking agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid mate									
It is not pyrophone.         02       CHEMICAL STABILITY:         Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.       DSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUIS REACTONES:         03       POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUIS REACTONES:         04       CONDITIONS TO AVOID:									
0:2       CHEMICAL STABILITY:         Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.         0:3       POSSIBILITYOF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:         Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, acids.         0:4       CONDITIONS TO AVOID:        Heat:      Heat:         If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.        Ar:       The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.        Humidity:      Ar:         Avoid extreme humidity conditions.			ties:						
Stable under recommendet storage and handling conditions.         03       POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS; Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, acids.         04       CONDITIONS TO AVOID; Heat; Keep away from sources of heat. Licht; If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Licht; The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions. Pressure; Not relevant. Shock;         05       INCOMPATIBLE AVALERIALS; Keep away from oxidaving agents, from strongly akialme and strongly acid materials.         06       HAZARDOUS EPECADUOUS SECONDUCITS; As consequence of hemal decomposition, hazardous products may be producet induction cald, halogenated compounds.         07       INCOMPATIBLE AVALERIALS; Keep away from oxidaving agents, from strongly akialme and strongly acid materials.         06       HAZARDOUS DEFCOMPOSITION PHODUOTS; As consequence of themal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochioric acid, halogenated compounds.         CITON 11: TOXICCLOGICAL INFORMATION         9 No Experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has a storage and lefthal concentrations         0 L50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC)         1.1       INFORMATION ALAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 12722008 ; 22008 Rabbi > 561 Hydrocatoons, G9 e212, naikanes, s 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbi > 513 Hydroactoons, G9 e2022, cL25%); Choinnates, aromatics (2-25%); Choinindual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Crutaneoo	0.0		·V·						
0.3       POSSIBILITY OF HAZAPOOUS REACTIONS: Possible dargerous reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, acids.         0.4       CONDITIONS TO AVOID; - Least: Keep away from sources of heat. - Light: If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. - Air: The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. - Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions. - Pressure: Nor referent. - Shock:         1.       - Arrise and the beakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper of arts and beakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper of the product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and beakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper of INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Reep away from oxiding agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: As consequence of themat decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds. Carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2006-2022/852 (CLP).         1.1       INCOMATION INFAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN IREGULATION IECD NO IS (OECD402) During/Widdual ingredients: maylag bw call hydrocarbons, C9-C12, malkanes, S5000 Ral       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200 During/Widdual ingredients: maylag bw call hydrocarbons, C9-C12, malkanes, S5000 Ral       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200 During/Widdual ingredients: maylag bw call hydrocarbons, C9-C12, malkanes, S02 aromatics (2-25%) Chiorinated paraffins C14-C17	0.2			onditions					
Possible dangerous reaction with exidizing agents, metals, acids.     CONDITIONS TO AVOID:         -Heat:         Keep away from sources of heat.         -Light:         If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.        A.         And the product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.        Hendity:         Avoid extreme humidity conditions.        Pressure:         Nor devrant.         Shock:         The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper         dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper         lincOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:         Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly akilaine and strongly acid materials.         dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is manufactoric acid, halogenated compounds.         CTINO 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # Ne experimental loxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         INTERIMENTION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO.1272/2008;         Zeo00 Rabbit > 21         Norderations DL50 (OECD402) CL50 (OECD402) CL50 (OEC D402) CL50 (OEC	0.3								
Image: Heat:         Keep away from sources of heat.	0.0			metals, acids.					
Keep away from sources of heat.          Light;           If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.          Afr:           The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.          Hunidity;           Avoid exterme hunidity conditions.          Breasure;           Not relevant.          Shock:           The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper           0.5         INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS;           Keep away from oxiding agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.         0.6           1.6         HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS;           As consequence of thermal docinoposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric aoid, halogenated compounds.           CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL: INFORMATION           # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has t caried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272:2008-202:202:69 (CLP).           1.1         INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272:2008-202:202:69 (CLP).           1.1         INFORMATION CON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272:2008-202:202:69 (CLP).      <	0.4	CONDITIONS TO AV	OID:						
I. Light:     If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.    Ari:     The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.    Humidity:     Avoid extreme humidity conditions.    Pressure:     Not relevant.    Shock:     The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to     dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     lost and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     lost and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     lost and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     lost and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper     lost and breakage of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.     INCORMATICION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION TECH NO 1272/2008;     ACUTE TOXICITY:		- Heat:							
If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.         - Alr:         The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.         - Humidity:         Avoid exterme humidity conditions.         - Pressure:         Not relevant.         - Shock:         The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to detts and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper         0.5       INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:         Keepa away from oxid/aing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.       0.6         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:         As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CITION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has be conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008 : ACUTE TOXICOTY:         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral       g/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h hht         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbi       > 131         INFORMATION ON<		Keep away from source	s of heat.						
Air:     The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.									
The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.        Humidity:         Avoid extreme humidity conditions.        Pressure:         Not relevant.        Shock:         The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download oper 0.         0.5       INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:         Keep away from oxidiking agents, from strongly akaline and strongly acid materials.         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:         As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CITION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has I carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       2552 Pag       3160 Pabbit       > 210         Distantes of acute toxicity (ATE)       MTE       ATE       ATE       For individual ingredients:			contact with sunlight.						
I-Humidity:     Avoid extreme humidity conditions.     I-Pressure:     Not relevant.     Shock:     The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to     dents and breakage of package of, specially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download opera     INCOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:     Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     INCOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:     Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     INCOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:     Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     INCOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:     Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     INCOMPATIBLE MATTERIALS:     Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.     INCOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:     As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.     INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 - 2022/682 (CLP).     INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 :     ACUTE TOXICITY:     Dose and lethal concentrations     DL50 (OECD401)     DL50 (OECD402)     CL50 (OEC     Dot individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral     mg/kg bw Cutaneous     mg/m3-4h hh     Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics     (2.5%)     Chlorinated parafiling C14-C17     Z90 Ra     3430 Rabbit     246     Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)     mg/kg bw Oral     mg/kg bw Cutaneous     mg/m3-4h lnh     Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics     (2.25%)     Chlorinated parafiling C14-C17     Z90 Ra     3430 Rabbit     2465     Soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics     (2.1, n-alkanes,     soalkanes, cyclic			ted by exposure to air, but s	hould not be left the containers or	nen				
Avoid extreme humidity conditions.        Pressure:         Not relevant.        Shock:         The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has the carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         1.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Cral       mg/kg bw Cral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       790 Ra       2000 Rabbit       > 210         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       ATE					pon.				
Not relevant.			conditions.						
: Shock:         The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operation of the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations are breakaged of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations are breaked on the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations are breaked on the product is handled.         0.5       INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:         Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.       0.6         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:         As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         1.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC         hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, sopolicia, aromatics       3592 Rai <t< td=""><td></td><td>- Pressure:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		- Pressure:							
The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the products is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of packaging, especially when the products is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations and breakage of the mail decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         0.7       INCONCOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has be carried out by using the conventional aclutation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008 = 2022/692 (CLP).         1.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008;         ACUTE TOXICITY;       Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Oral		Not relevant.							
dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download opera         0.5       INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS;         Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.       Intervention of themal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION       # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has be carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008 - 2022/692 (CLP).         1.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EU) No. 1272/2008 :         ACUTE TOXICITY:       Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       mg/ra) 4/h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Rat       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics       3592 Rat       3160 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 2466         Voltorinated paraffins C14-C17       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 24665 V         V) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and on trapersent test results.       () - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the u									
0.5       INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.         0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         (CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         1.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 ; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients:       DL50 (OECD401) mg/kg bw Cutaneous mg/m3-4h Inh Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 Butan-1-0       26100 Ra 13500 Rabbit       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200 Rabbit       > 200									
Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.           0.6         HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS; As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.           CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION           # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).           1.1         INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;           Dose and lethal concentrations         DL50 (OECD401)           for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral           mg/kg bw Oral         mg/kg bw Oral           hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         > 5000 Ra           isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics         2-25%)           Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         26100 Ra           butan-1-01         790 Ra           Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)         mg/kg bw Oral           hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         mg/kg bw Oral           hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)           Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         mg/kg bw Oral           hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)           Chlorinated paraffins C14-C1	0.5			the product is handled in large qu	dantities, and during load	any and download operations			
0.6       HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # A No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has tarried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         11.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral         my/kg bw Oral       3592 Ra         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra         Hydrocarbons C9 -C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       2000 Rabbit         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Ra         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       2-25%)         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Ra         Isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics       90 Ra         Hydrocarbons C9 acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral         Hydrocarbons C9 -C12	0.5			aline and strongly acid materials.					
As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.         CTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION         # No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008 : ACUTE TOXICITY:         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/kg bw Cutaneous         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 24665 V         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       soft       24665 V       24665 V         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       MTE       ATE       Mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	0.6								
# No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has to carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         11.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008; ACUTE TOXICITY;         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC for individual ingredients:         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Rat       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       > 5000 Rat       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 200       Butan-1-0       24665 V         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       ATE       ATE       410 high part of the Classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are design be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.       (·) * Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.       • No observed adverse effect level         Not available       • Lowest observed adverse effect level       Not available       • Lowest observed adverse effect level		As consequence of ther	mal decomposition, hazardo	us products may be produced: h	ydrochloric acid, halogen	nated compounds.			
carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2022/692 (CLP).         11.1       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 ;         ACUTE TOXICITY;       Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbit       > 200         Soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Rat       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 200       Butan-1-ol       2466         For individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       -       -       -       -         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       -       -       -       -         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       -	CTION	11: TOXICOLOGICAL I	NFORMATION						
1.11       INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 ;         ACUTE TOXICITY:       Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3.4h lnh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       26100 Ra       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Ra       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-0       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3.4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       24665 V       1       24665 V         (1) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent terseults.       (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.       . </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
ACUTE TOXICITY:         Dose and lethal concentrations       DL50 (OECD401)       DL50 (OECD402)       CL50 (OEC         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3392 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Ra       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 246       Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       24665 V         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2/692 (CLP).</td>						2/692 (CLP).			
Dose and lethal concentrations         DL50 (OECD401)         DL50 (OECD402)         CL50 (OEC           for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral         mg/kg bw Cutaneous         mg/m3·4h Inh           Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics         3592 Rat         3160 Rabbit         > 61           Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         > 5000 Rat         > 2000 Rabbit         > 131           isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)         0         0         2000 Rabbit         > 2000           Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         26100 Rat         13500 Rabbit         > 2000         Butan-1-ol         2000           Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)         ATE         ATE         ATE         ATE         ATE           for individual ingredients:         mg/kg bw Oral         mg/kg bw Cutaneous         mg/m3·4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         assalkanes, cyclics, aromatics         2.260           Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         mg/kg bw Oral         mg/kg bw Cutaneous         mg/m3·4h Inh           Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         assalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)         assalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)         chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         guarant-1.0         24665 V           (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in	11.1		HAZARD CLASSES AS D	EFINED IN REGULATION (EC	<u>C) NO 1272/2008 :</u>				
for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Rat       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Rat       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       -       -       -       -         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Rat       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       -         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       -       -       790 Rational       - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       3592 Ra       3160 Rabbit       > 61         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Rat       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Rat       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       -       -       -         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       790       Rat       -									
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       > 5000 Ra       > 2000 Rabbit       > 131         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       26100 Rat       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       Te         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       -       -         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       -       -         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       790       24665 V       -         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       -         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.       (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.         - No observed adverse effect level       Not available       -         Not available       -       Lowest observed adverse effect level         Not available       -       Lowest observed adverse effect level <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		•				-			
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       26100 Rat       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       Mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h lnh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h lnh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       -       -         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       790       24665 V       -         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       -         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.       -         (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.       -         - No observed adverse effect level       Not available       -         Not available       -       -       -         - Lowest observed adverse effect level       Not available       -									
Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       26100 Ra       13500 Rabbit       > 200         Butan-1-ol       790 Rat       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       MTE       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3-4h Inh         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       Image: Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>&gt; 5000 nd</td><td>&gt; 2000 Adl</td><td></td></td<>				> 5000 nd	> 2000 Adl				
Butan-1-ol       790 Ra       3430 Rabbit       > 246         Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)       ATE       ATE       ATE         for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics				26100 Rat	13500 Rab	bit > 20000 F			
for individual ingredients:       mg/kg bw Oral       mg/kg bw Cutaneous       mg/m3·4h Inh         Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics       Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,       Image: Comparison of C9-C12, n-alkanes,       Image: Compar				790 Rat	3430 Rab				
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics         Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,         isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.         (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure rare ignored. <u>- No observed adverse effect level</u> Not available <u>- Lowest observed adverse effect level</u> Not available									
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       1         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.       (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure to are ignored.         • No observed adverse effect level Not available       • Lowest observed adverse effect level Not available		•		mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneo	us mg/m3·4h Inhalati			
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)         Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17         Butan-1-ol         790         24665 V         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.         (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure to are ignored.         - No observed adverse effect level Not available         - Lowest observed adverse effect level Not available		-		1		1			
Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17       790       24665 V         Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are desig be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.         (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.         - No observed adverse effect level Not available         - Lowest observed adverse effect level Not available				1		1			
Butan-1-ol       790       24665 V         (*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.       (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure tare ignored.         - No observed adverse effect level Not available       - Lowest observed adverse effect level Not available									
<ul> <li>(*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.</li> <li>(-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure that are ignored.</li> <li><u>No observed adverse effect level</u> Not available</li> <li><u>Lowest observed adverse effect level</u> Not available</li> </ul>				700		2/665 Vana			
be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results. (-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure is are ignored. <u>No observed adverse effect level</u> Not available <u>Lowest observed adverse effect level</u> Not available									
<ul> <li>(-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure is are ignored.</li> <li><u>No observed adverse effect level</u> Not available</li> <li><u>Lowest observed adverse effect level</u> Not available</li> </ul>									
Not available <u>Lowest observed adverse effect level</u> Not available			at are assumed to have no a	cute toxicity at the upper thresho	Id of category 4 for the co	orresponding exposure route			
Not available			e effect level						
		Not available							
INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: ACUTE TOXICITY:		INFORMATION ON L	IKELY ROUTES OF EXPO	OSURE: ACUTE TOXICITY:					



GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION :

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Respiratory corrosion/irritation:	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
- Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified</li> </ul>	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
- Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

# - ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	3	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Aspiration hazard:	Lungs	<b>ひい</b>	Cat.1	HAZARD OF ASPIRATION: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

# SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Systemic:	re	Systemic	Cat.2	HARMFUL: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4
- Respiratory effects:	se 🗘	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4
- Cutaneous:	RE	Skin	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS/CLP 1.2.4.
- Neurological:	se 📢	CNS	Cat.3	NARCOSIS: May cause drowsiness or dizziness if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

# CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects:

It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity:

It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction:

Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

#a.m.p.e.r.e.;

VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT

Code: 630197001 / 12436

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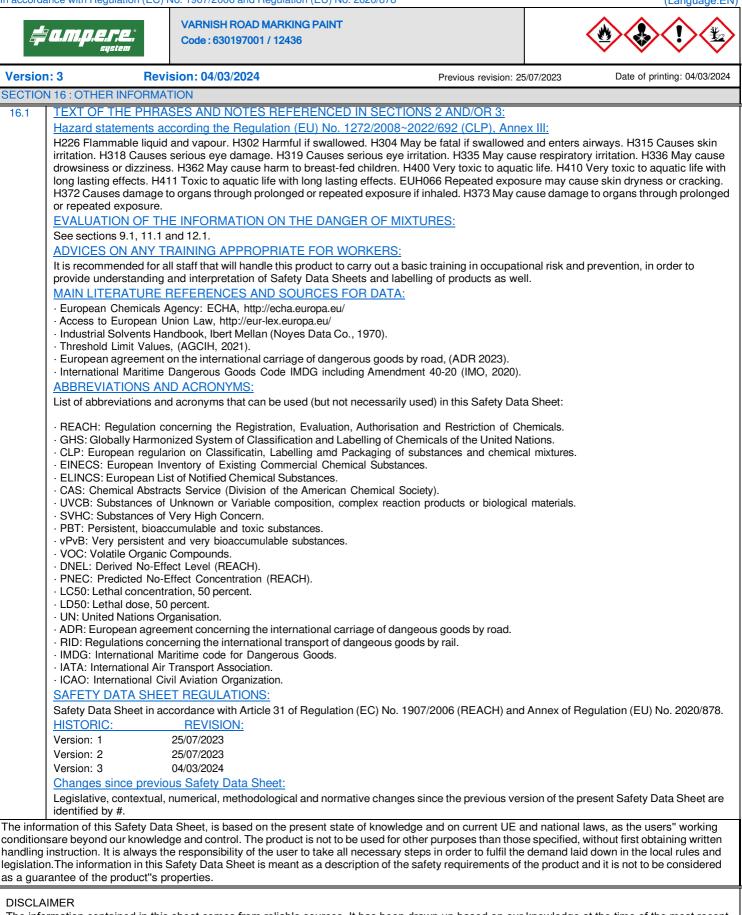
ersion:	3	Rovic	ion: 04/0	3/2024		Brouleu	s revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/202				
	<ul> <li>Effects via lac</li> </ul>		10n: 04/0	3/2024		Previou	is revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/2020				
	May cause harm		st-fed child	lren.								
Ī	Routes of expos	sure					ROM SHORT AND LON	IG-TERM EXPOSURE:				
	May be absorbed	-		apour, thr	ough the skin an	d by ingestion.						
a t c	as mucous memb the eyes may cau described in the e the lungs may ca <u>- Long-term or r</u>	orane ar use irrita exposure use sev epeate	nd respirat ation and r e to vapou vere pulmo d exposur	ory syster eversible rs. May ca onary dam r <u>e:</u>	n irritation and ad damage.lf swalld ause respiratory i nage, including d	lverse effects on kidneys wed, may cause irritatic rritation. May cause drov eath.	s, liver and central nervous on of the throat; other effec wsiness or dizziness.Very s	small amounts aspirated by				
t	Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.											
	INTERACTIVE EFFECTS: Not available.											
	INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION: - Dermal absorption:											
i		contains cs, arom				lermal absorption can be	e very high: Hydrocarbons,	C9-C12, n-alkanes,				
1	ADDITIONAL IN	<u>IFORM</u>	ATION:									
1.2 <u> </u>	Not available. <u>INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS:</u> Endocrine disrupting properties:											
(	This product does Other informatio	s not coi on:	ntain subs	tances wi	th endocrine disr	upting properties identifie	ed or under evaluation.					
	No additional info											
# r	# No experimen	ital eco	toxicologi				e. The ecotoxicological c ne Regulation (EU) No. 1					
	TOXICITY:											
	- Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients					CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l-96hours	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l·48hours	CE50 (OECD 20 mg/l·72hour				
F	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics					9.2 - Fishes	3.2 - Daphniae	2.9 - Alga				
	Hydrocarbons, ( isoalkanes, cycli					10 - Fishes	10 - Daphniae	4.6 - Alga				
C	Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 Butan-1-ol					5000 - Fishes 1376 - Fishes	0.0059 - Daphniae 1328 - Daphniae	3.2 - Alga 500 - Alga				
F	- No observed effect concentration				1	IOEC (OECD 210) mg/l · 28 days	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l - 21 days	NOEC (OECD 20 mg/l - 72 hour				
	Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 Butan-1-ol					0.13 - Fishes	0.004 - Daphniae 4.1 - Daphniae					
1	- Lowest observed effect concentration Not available ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:											
	Aquatic toxicity	0.70		Cat.		to the aquatic environme	ent	Criteria				
					VERY TOXIC	ERY TOXIC: Very toxic to aquatic life.						
	- Acute aquatic t	oxicity:	×.	Cat.1				4.1.3.5.5.3.				
	<ul> <li>Acute aquatic t</li> <li>Chronic aquati</li> </ul>	-	•	<b>&gt;</b>		to aquatic life with long l	asting effects.	4.1.3.5.5.3. GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.				

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)

In accordance with Regulation (ÈC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

VARNISH ROAD MARKING PAINT amnere Code: 630197001 / 12436 Version: 3 Revision: 04/03/2024 Date of printing: 04/03/2024 Previous revision: 25/07/2023 Biodegradability: Not available. Biodegradabilidad Aerobic biodegradation %DBO/DQO COL mgO2/o 5 days 14 days 28 days for individual ingredients Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics 3195 4,3 Eas Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, Easy isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 1500 2 Not easy Butan-1-ol 2590 68 92 99 Easy Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources. Hydrolysis Not available. Photodegradability: Not available. 12.3 **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** Not available. Bioaccumulation logPow BCF Potential L/kg for individual ingredients Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics 3.3 69.9 (calculated) Low Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, 5.65 100 (calculated) Low isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 7.4 2152 (calculated) High Butan-1-ol 0.88 3.2 (calculated) No bioaccumulable MOBILITY IN SOIL: 12.4 Not available Mobility log Poc Constant of Henry Potential Pa·m3/mol 20ºC for individual ingredients 440 (calculated) Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics 2,96 Low Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, 4.9 Low isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Chlorinated paraffins C14-C17 6.42 High Butan-1-ol 0.39 0,63 (calculated) No bioaccumulable RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: (Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:) 12.5 Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES 12.6 This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: 12.7 Ozone depletion potential: Not available. Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available. Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2. SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: 13.1 Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. LER code Description Type of waste Hazardous Type of waste according to Regulation (EU) No. 1357/2014: HP 3 Flammable HP 4 Irritant - skin irritation and eye damage HP 5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration toxicity HP 14 Ecotoxic Disposal of empty containers:Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU: # Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself. Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product: Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.

/ersion:	: 3 Revi	ision: 04/03/2024		Previous revision: 25/07/2023	Date of printing: 04/03/202				
	14: TRANSPORT INFO								
	UN NUMBER OR ID	NUMBER:							
	UN PROPER SHIPPI PAINT	NG NAME:							
	TRANSPORT HAZAF	RD CLASS(ES):							
	Transport by road (AD								
	Transport by rail (RIE								
	- Class:	3							
	- Packing group:								
	<ul> <li>Classification code:</li> <li>Tunnel restriction code</li> </ul>	F1 e: (E)							
	- Transport category:	( )	x. ADR 1.1.3.6. 1000 L						
	- Limited quantities:		ee total exemptions ADR 3.4	4)					
	<ul><li>Transport document:</li><li>Instructions in writing:</li></ul>		Consignment paper. ADR 5.4.3.4						
	Transport by sea (IMI		0.7.0.7						
	- Class:	3							
	- Packing group:	III		XXX XXX					
	- Emergency Sheet (Em								
	<ul> <li>First Aid Guide (MFAG</li> <li>Marine pollutant:</li> </ul>	a): 310,3 Yes.	13	3					
	- Transport document:		ing Bill of lading.	· ·					
	Transport by air (ICA)								
	- Class:	3							
	- Packing group:	III Air Di	ll of look on						
	- Transport document:	AIr BI	ll of lading.						
	Transport by inland w Not available	<u>aterways (ADN):</u>							
	PACKING GROUP:								
	See section 14.3								
	ENVIRONMENTAL H	AZARDS:							
	Classified as hazardous								
	SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:								
	Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are								
	upright and secure. En	•							
		DRT IN BULK ACC	ORDING TO IMO INSTRI	JMENTS:					
	Not applicable.								
	15: REGULATORY INF								
				SISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE S	SUBSTANCE OR MIXTUR				
	The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use:								
	See section 1.2								
	Tactile warning of danger:								
	Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).								
	Child safety protection:								
	Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).								
	OTHER REGULATIO	<u>NS:</u>							
	Not available.								
	Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III):								
	See section 7.2								
	Other local legislations: The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.								
	CHEMICAL SAFETY		shoo or loodi regulations app						
			carried out for this mixture.						



The information contained in this sheet comes from reliable sources. It has been drawn up based on our knowledge at the time of the most recent update, as indicated. This information is intended as an aid to the user and should not be considered as a guarantee.

Conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are outside our control, and we may not be held responsible for any loss, damage or expenses incurred as a result of, or in connection with, the latter.

All substances or mixtures can present unknown dangers and must be used with caution. We cannot guarantee that all dangers have been set out in an exhaustive manner.

This sheet has been drawn up for, and must be used for, this product only. If the product is used as a component in another product, the information given with it may not be applicable.

This sheet does not under any circumstances exempt the user from complying with all laws, regulations and administrative requirements related to the product, health and safety, and the protection of human health and the environment.